

# Review Sheet for Exam on Equilibrium Chemistry

This review sheet provides a summary of topics covered in this section of the course, a list of equations that you should know, and a list of constants and other materials that are provided to you. As Chem 170 is a prerequisite for this course, you should be familiar with basic stoichiometric calculations.

## Topics Covered

- reaction dynamics: thermodynamics vs. equilibria vs. kinetics
- Hess's law as it applies to equilibrium constants
- using  $Q$  and  $K$  to predict the direction of a reaction
- LeChâtelier's principle
- standard types of equilibrium reactions and their equilibrium constant expressions
- solving equilibrium problems: general approaches
- determining the pH of strong and weak acids and bases
- determining the pH of a buffer
- determining a buffer's capacity and its change in pH upon adding a strong acid or strong base
- solubility equilibria
- effect on solubility of changing pH
- complexation equilibria
- effect on solubility of metal-ligand complexation
- effect on solubility of inert ions

## Equations Provided to You

- $\text{pH} = -\log[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]$
- $\text{p}X = -\log(X)$
- $\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14$
- $\text{p}K_a + \text{p}K_b = 14$
- $K_w = [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+][\text{OH}^-] = K_{a,\text{H}_2\text{O}} \times K_{b,\text{OH}^-}$
- $\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{[\text{A}^-]_o}{[\text{HA}]_o}$
- $\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{(\text{mol A}^-)_o}{(\text{mol HA})_o}$
- $\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{(\text{mol A}^-)_o + \text{mol OH}^-}{(\text{mol HA})_o - \text{mol OH}^-}$
- $\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{(\text{mol A}^-)_o - \text{mol H}_3\text{O}^+}{(\text{mol HA})_o + \text{mol H}_3\text{O}^+}$
- $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

## Constants and Other Materials Provided To You

- periodic table
- specific heat of water =  $4.184 \text{ J/g} \cdot ^\circ\text{C}$
- $R = 8.314 \text{ J/K} \cdot \text{mol}_{\text{rxn}}$
- $F = 96,485 \text{ C/mol e}^- = 96,485 \text{ J/V} \cdot \text{mol e}^-$
- $K_w = 1.00 \times 10^{-14}$